

BUSINESS BRIEF

PAKISTAN FLOODS RESPONSE PLAN

HUMANITARIAN OVERVIEW AND CALL TO ACTION

12 SEPTEMBER 2022

A general view of a flooded area after heavy monsoon rains is pictured from atop a bridge in Charsadda district in the Khyber Pakhtunkhwa province of Pakistan on August 27, 2022. Photo Credit: AFP/Abdul Majeed



OVERVIEW OF THE CRISIS

Pakistan has been enduring severe monsoon weather since June 2022, which saw areaweighted rainfall 67 per cent above normal levels in that month alone. Rainfall in the country is equivalent to 2.9 times the national 30-year average. This has caused widespread flooding and landslides, with severe repercussions for human lives, property and infrastructure. To date, 81 districts across Pakistan have been declared 'calamity hit' by the Government of Pakistan. These numbers remain dynamic given the ongoing rains, and the number of calamity-declared districts are expected to increase.

The Government of Pakistan estimates that around 33 million people across the country are affected by the rains, floods and consequent impacts such as landslides. More than 800,000 refugees living in calamity-declared districts are also affected or at risk. According to the NDMA as of 8 September, at least 1,400 people were killed and 12, 700 people injured, with numbers increasing as rains continue. Over 566,000 houses have been destroyed and over 1.17 million partially damaged. Livelihoods are also being heavily impacted – more than 755,000 livestock – a critical source of sustenance and livelihoods for many families – have died, of which some 66 per

BUSINESS BRIEF: PAKISTAN FLOODS

cent are in Balochistan. Around 2 million acres of crops and orchards have also been affected to date.

The humanitarian situation is being compounded by severe impacts to infrastructure. Damage to nearly 6,700 km of roads and 246 bridges has impeded the ability of people to flee to safer areas, as well as compromising the delivery of aid to people in need. Initial information indicates that more than 22,000 schools have been damaged in Sindh, Balochistan, Punjab and Khyber Pakhtunkhwa, and over 5,500 other schools are being used to shelter people who have been displaced from their homes, interrupting education and learning for over 3.5 million children.

Estimates indicate that over 1,460 health facilities have been affected by the heavy rains and floods, and the Health Sector reports that access to health facilities, healthcare workers, and essential medicines and medical supplies remain limited. Early disease surveillance indicates that tens of thousands of people are affected by diarrhoea, malaria, acute respiratory infections, skin and eye infections and typhoid. While daily rainfall has decreased since peaking two weeks ago, medium flood risk levels persist along the Indus River, between Sukkur and Kotri districts in Sindh and rising to high flood risk downstream of Kotri into the Arabian Sea. On the Indus River in Khyber Pakhtunkhwa, the Tarbela Dam – the world's largest earthfilled dam – has been filled to its maximum conservation level of 1,550 feet (472 meters) for weeks, while the Chashma Barrage in Punjab province is only half a foot (0.15 meters) away from reaching its 649 feet (197 meters) maximum conservation level. Standing water continues to cover vast swaths of the country; satellitedetected water extents mapped by the United Nations Satellite Centre (UNOSAT) indicate preliminarily that at least 75,000 km2 of land in Pakistan analysed between 1 and 29 August appears to be affected by floodwaters, including some 48,530 km2 appearing to be croplands.

HOW THE PRIVATE SECTOR CAN HELP

1

2

ALIGN SUPPORT ACTIVITIES WITH THE 2022 FLOODS RESPONSE PLAN

The **Pakistan Flood Response Plan (1 September 2022- 28 February 2023)** provides an overview of the situation, lists the major humanitarian needs and outlines the response strategy, including sector-specific plans for priority areas in Pakistan. The Pakistan Flood Response Plan complements national efforts and aims to address the most pressing needs of the affected population helping them get back on their feet. You can access the Plan here.

The Plan has three strategic objectives:

- Deliver urgent life-saving and livelihoods assistance for people affected by floods, in line with national priorities and in support of the Government response.
- Prevent the outbreak of communicable diseases and effectively monitor risks to the health of affected people, including the nutrition status of vulnerable people such as pregnant and lactating women and children under five years of age.
- Restore conditions of safety and dignity for flood-affected people and ensure their access to urgently needed assistance and protection.

MAKE A FINANCIAL CONTRIBUTION

Financial contributions to reputable aid agencies are one of the most valuable and effective forms of response in humanitarian emergencies. Companies are encouraged to consider making financial contributions directly to organizations included in the Plan.

Locally you can contribute to:

- The National Humanitarian Network (NHN) Pakistan brings together 170 national and local NGOs engaged in humanitarian assistance or disaster management in Pakistan. Embedded in local communities, these organisations also act as first responders during disasters. Around 70 NHN member organisations are currently providing relief assistance in flood-affected areas, conducting evacuations and providing food, shelter, health, livelihoods, and water, sanitation and hygiene (WASH) assistance. For further information on NHN and how to support national and local NGOs aiding flood-affected people in Pakistan, please contact kamran@nhnpakistan.org. NHN members can also be contacted directly; an overview of all members organised by province is available here.
- The Pakistan Humanitarian Forum (PHF) has a membership of 35 international NGOs (INGO) working to deliver humanitarian assistance, disaster recovery, risk reduction and long-term development programming in Pakistan. Twentysix of its member organisations are responding to the floods, providing support for food relief, shelter, health, education, non-food items, and water, sanitation and hygiene (WASH). For further information on how to support INGOs active in the flood response, please contact shahid.kazmi@pakhumanitarianforum.org. PHF members can also be contacted directly; an overview of all members is available here.
- Pakistan Red Crescent further information is available here.

Globally you can contribute to the following organizations who have ongoing operations in Pakistan:

- The International Organization for Migration (IOM), together with the Government of Pakistan, the UN and other
 partners, is responding with a comprehensive and coordinated approach to respond both to immediate humanitarian
 needs and lay ground for recovery through economic revitalization and infrastructure and shelter rehabilitation. Needs,
 in order of priority, are food, shelter, health, water and sanitation, and livelihoods. For more information on how to
 support please click here.
- The UN Children's Fund (UNICEF): Building upon UNICEF's established field presence, partnerships, and extensive
 experience of emergency response in the country, UNICEF teams are already on the ground helping to assess the extent
 of the devastation and reaching affected children and families with essential lifesaving supplies that include medical
 and therapeutic food supplies, water delivery, hygiene kits, temporary learning centres and supporting community
 based mental health and psychosocial support interventions. For further information on how to support please click
 here.
- UN Population Fund (UNFPA): UNFPA, together with national partners, is supporting continued access to lifesaving sexual and reproductive health (SRH) services, including safe birth, and prevention and response to gender-based violence for women and girls and the most vulnerable. As the UN sexual and reproductive health agency, UNFPA is co-chairing the national Reproductive Health working group and the GBV working group, playing a key coordination role with partners. As part of the Pakistan Flood Response Plan, UNFPA is scaling up its response in affected areas to respond to the urgent needs of affected women and girls. The provision of flexible funding is the best way to support UNFPA's response, and UNFPA will also accept in-kind donations. For further information, please contact Chan Ju Park at cpark@ unfpa.org or make a donation through this link.
- The **UN Refugee Agency** (UNHCR) is providing tens of thousands of emergency shelter and relief items to refugees, displaced people and host communities in the worst hit areas of Balochistan and Khyber Paktunkhwa provinces, as well as sandbags to defend homes from more damage. Your support can provide refugees and local communities in Pakistan with emergency support like shelter, household supplies and blankets. Please click here for further information.
- The World Food Programme (WFP) is supporting the Government of Pakistan as it mobilizes to supply food assistance to hundreds of thousands of families in the areas worst hit. WFP is already providing critical food, cash, and other assistance to flood-affected communities and scaling up its operation to 1.9 million people in need. In addition, through WFP's field offices in the provinces of Balochistan, Khyber Pakhtunkhwa, Punjab and Sindh, WFP is coordinating with humanitarian partners to ensure an integrated response for affected communities. WFP is planning to establish a logistics augmentation unit to work with the Government of Pakistan on the storage, management, and dispatch of relief items. Please find more info here. To help provide support to affected people please click here and here to support through the ShareTheMeal app. For further information please reach out to hq.privatepartnerships@wfp.org.

The World Health Organization (WHO) is delivering supplies needed by health facilities, and increasing disease monitoring to prevent the spread of infectious diseases. Damage to health infrastructure, shortages of health workers, and limited health supplies are disrupting health services. Significant public health threats include the spread of water-and vector-borne diseases, with outbreaks of diarrheal diseases, skin infections, respiratory tract infections, malaria, dengue, injuries, and more. With health services reduced, the management of non-communicable diseases are also affected. For further information please click here.

3 MAKE AN IN-KIND CONTRIBUTION OF GOODS OR SERVICES

OCHA generally urges companies to refrain from sending unsolicited donations that may not correspond to identified needs or meet international quality standards. Donors are highly encouraged to send cash rather than in-kind donations. Donations-in-kind are useful when they meet a pre-identified need on the ground for which supply through other means (procurement, prepositioned stock) is unavailable. In other circumstances, they may not fit needs, can potentially be administratively burdensome (placing demands on thinly stretched emergency personnel), and may undermine local markets.

For any questions about in-kind donations, please contact OCHA with as much detail as possible, including what you wish to donate and how much, the estimated market value, your time frame for delivery, details on shipping and any other conditions. We will guide you to the most appropriate recipient organization(s). Companies with employees, suppliers, or customers in the country or region or those with existing agreements with responding humanitarian organizations should aim to directly support these groups. For more information, please contact Karen Smith, OCHA's Private Sector Engagement Advisor, at ocha-ers-ps@un.org.

4 ADVOCATE

Lend your voice and advocate to highlight the needs in Pakistan. Amplify the message of the UN and partners calling on all parties to uphold their obligations to allow safe, rapid and unimpeded humanitarian aid to civilians in need.

5 MAKE A COMMERCIAL OFFER

If your offer is commercial, please refer to the UN Global Marketplace at ungm.org.

CRITICAL REMINDERS

- The UN Secretary-General encourages companies to coordinate their response efforts with the UN and the humanitarian coordination system to ensure coherence with priority needs and minimize gaps and duplications with the other responders.
- All response activities should be guided by the humanitarian principles of humanity, impartiality, neutrality, and independence. For more information, see the Guidance Note: Conflict Sensitivity in Private Sector Disaster Management.



Protecting life and health while ensuring respect for human beings

ΗΙΜΔΝΙΤΥ



NEUTRALITY

Actors must not take sides in hostilities or engage in controversies



IMPARTIALITY

Action must be carried out based on needs alone with no distinction to social classes



INDEPENDENCE

Action must be carried out autonomously from the objectives of other actors

- Business contributions to UN response efforts must comply with the Guidelines on Cooperation between the UN and Business Sector.
- It is important to ensure that donated items meet Sphere Standards and reflect priority needs.
- Affected people must be at the centre of any humanitarian response, for their increased engagement and empowerment in decision-making to address their specific needs and ensure that international response remains accountable to them. Further guidance for the private sector is available here.
- People in need of humanitarian assistance must be protected from sexual exploitation and abuse and have access to channels to report and address it. Further guidance for the private sector is available here.
- Business and Children's Rights. Businesses need to understand how to act responsibly when facing humanitarian crises and engaging with the most vulnerable, by understanding and upholding internationally recognized minimum standards such as respect for universal human rights. Companies are also encouraged to move beyond doing no harm by protecting the most vulnerable population and providing relief assistance through funding, by leveraging a company's core assets and expertise, by supporting communication and advocacy efforts and through collective action. Further guidance for the private sector is available here.

WHERE TO FIND THE LATEST INFORMATION

- For an updated list of maps, situation reports, and other information, please visit here.
- OCHA coordinates humanitarian action to ensure crisis-affected people receive the assistance and protection they need. OCHA also
 works to overcome obstacles that impede humanitarian assistance from reaching people affected by crises and provides leadership in
 mobilizing assistance and resources on behalf of the humanitarian system. Learn more about OCHA's work in Pakistan here.
- For more information about the role of the private sector in preparing for, responding to, and recovering from disasters, please visit the OCHA/UNDP Connecting Business initiative online at connectingbusiness.org.
- For more information about the role of the private sector in preparing for, responding to, and recovering from disasters, please visit the OCHA/UNDP Connecting Business initiative (CBi) online at connectingbusiness.org or contact connectingbusiness@un.org.
- For further information on current Customs, Importation and Quarantine Procedures please refer to the IMPACCT (Importation and customs clearance together) website here.

WE ARE HERE TO HELP

For more information on how businesses can help, please contact:

- Fatima Iqbal, iqbalf@un.org, Humanitarian Affairs Officer, OCHA Pakistan
- Karen Smith, smith3@un.org, OCHA Private Sector Engagement Advisor

